WESTERN CULTURE: POLITICAL, ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL THOUGHT II

We tend to take our basic ideals and values for granted. We are so accustomed to thinking about politics and economics in terms of individual liberty, political democracy, and a capitalist free enterprise system that these ideas seem almost platitudes. However, once these ideas were surprising. They were revolutionary and controversial. Furthermore, they rest on some very peculiar philosophic foundations. We shall try to recapture some of the spirit of discovery and novelty that accompanied the complex evolution of contemporary political economic thought.

This is a course in how we came to think about politics and economics as we do. We survey the evolution of political economic theory from 1650 to the present, focusing on the two great ideological systems of our age: Liberalism and Marxism. The cast of characters includes Thomas Hobbes, John Locke, Jean Jacques Rousseau, Adam Smith, Thomas Jefferson, James Madison, Jeremy Bentham, Karl Marx, Friedrich Engels, V.I. Lenin, Joseph Stalin, Fideal Castro, Mao Zedong, Michel Gorbachev, John Meynard Keynes, and Milton Friedman. We will try to show how our contemporary public controversies and arguments are part of a conversation that started over three hundred years ago.

A major purpose of the course is to begin the process of learning how to use these systems of thought with care and precision as tools for analyzing issues of public policy and the relationship of state and society.

The course is part of the ILS program of interdisciplinary studies. Therefore, we will be constantly aware of the relationship of developments in scientific theory to political economic thought and of the way in which such ideas are linked to the general cultural currents of an age.

The course is part of a year sequence and continues from ILS 205 which deals with classic political economic thought. The object is to see the Western tradition as a whole. You are welcome to take either semester (or, if you are really perverse, to take the courses in reverse order). However, entering in the second semester is a little like coming into a movie at intermission and it will take a few weeks to catch on to the plot.

Page 2

Work of the Course:

Readings: The following books are available for purchase from the bookstores. Required readings are listed in the right hand column of the outline.

- E. Barker, THE SOCIAL CONTRACT
- R. Heilbroner, THE WORDLY PHILOSOPHERS
- K. Marx, and F. Engels, THE COMMUNIST MANIFESTO
- J.S. Mill, ON LIBERTY
- J. Dewey, LIBERALISM AND SOCIAL ACTION

In addition, there is a WORKBOOK OF SELECTED READINGS FOR ILS 206 available for purchase from Bob's Copy Shop, University Square, Assignments from this are noted as "Sel. Rdgs." in the outline.

Exams: There will be a six week, twelve week and final exam. Exams are written in class but based on essay questions distributed in advance. If the grade on the first exam is more than two grades lower than the average of all other grades, and there is evidence of conscientious effort, it will not be counted in computing the final grade.

The final grade is calculated as follows: six week 25%; twelve week 25%; final 40%; discussion section performance 10%.

OUTLINE

DATE (historic dates in parentheses)	TOPIC	READINGS	
<u>Jan. 23-27</u>	INTRODUCTION		
	Philosophy, politicCriticism and co classic tradition of reconstruction o	llapse of the .the problem	
<u>Jan. 30-Feb. 25</u>	THE ORIGINS AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE LIBERAL TRADITION		
(1651)	1. Thomas Hobbes contractCart and the reconst political theor	esian skepticism (S	EVIATHAN Sel.Rdgs.)
(1690)	2. John LockeNa and the formati		ECOND TREATISE F CIVIL

liberalism

GOVERNMENT

(Barker)

(1762)

3. Jean Jacques Rousseau...the Enlightenment...the social contract and the general will ...romanticism and politics

THE SOCIAL CONTRACT (Barker)

Feb. 20-March 15

THE POLITICAL ECONOMIC SYSTEM OF LIBERALISM

1. The Logic of Liberalism

(1776)

2. Adam Smith and the Market Mechanism

THE WEALTH OF NATIONS (Sel. Rdgs) Heilbroner. Chs. 1-4

Feb. 27

SIX WEEK EXAMINATION

(1776-1787)

3. Jefferson, Madison and the "Invention" of America

Declaration of Independence (Sel. Rdgs) THE FEDERALIST

(1790-1840)

Bentham, Utilitarianism and the age of liberal reform

Jeremy Bentham, PRINCIPLES OF

LEGISLATION AND

MORALS (Sel. Rdgs) Heilbroner,

Ch.5

The

J.S. Mill, ON

LIBERTY

March 21-27

SPRING VACATION

March 29 (1790-1870) THE DISCOVERY OF TIME From Physics to Biology

of capitalism

April 3-14 (1867)

MARX AND MARXISM

1. Karl Marx...dialectical materialsm...scientific socialism...political economy and the critique

HEILBRONER, Ch.6

THE COMMUNIST MANIFESTO

(1870 -)

2. Further development of Marxism... Lenin, Stalin, Castro, Mao

April 17

TWELVE WEEK EXAMINATION

April 19-May 12	THE	LEGACY OF POLITICAL ECONOMIC THOUGH	SHT
	AND	THE WORLD OF OUR TIMES	
(1890 -)	1.	American Pragmatism and	John Dewey,
		ProgressivismJohn Dewey.	LIBERALISM AND
		Pragmatism and the	SOCIAL ACTION
그를 다가 한다는 경기에 있는 요요? 아니아 아름답을 하는데 하다.		American ethos	
(1936 -)	2.	Keynes and Keynesianism	Heilbroner,
		의 전 전, 일본 대학생 전 기계투 시작 보고 다. 지하는 1일 시간 등록 일본 회사 기계를 시작되다.	Ch.9
(1980 -)	3.	The Contemporary Argument:	Friedman,
		Classical vs. Egalitarian	Capitalism and
보험을 했다. 목욕이다		Liberalism	Freedom" and
िक्षेत्र इत्योगित्र के कार्या ।			Dworkin,
			"Neutrality,
			Equality and
			Liberalism"
			(Sel. Rdgs.)

तेक विकरित्र समिति विकेश कियो वर्षा । यो । यो कल्पीकी विकरा विकेश वर्षा

建铁铁矿矿 电连加压

ন জিলাই পাত সৈহোঁৰক সভানি হয়। প্ৰায় স্থানীয়ে ব'ং ইউন্নেখন স্থানিক

्रिकेश सम्बद्ध (इ.) का स्थापन अभिनेत्रीय कार्या कर्या है। स्थापन विश्व कर्या कार्या कर्या है। संस्थित स्थापन क्षेत्रीय विश्व क्षेत्रीय कर्या कर्या कर्या है।